

Financial
Report for the
Year ended
30 June 2016



Corporate Directory

Board of Directors

Mr Thomas Sanders Executive Chairman
Mr Mark Edwards Non-Executive Director
Mr Michael Kitney Non-Executive Director

Senior Management

Mr Alastair Barker Exploration Manager

Miss Michelle Simson Manager Corporate Affairs/Company Secretary

Principal Place of Business & Registered Office

12 Walker Avenue

West Perth, Western Australia 6005

Tel: +61 8 9226 3666 Fax: +61 8 9226 3668

Email: breaker@breakerresources.com.au Website: www.breakerresources.com.au

Auditors

Rothsay Chartered Accountants Level 1, 4 Ventnor Avenue West Perth, Western Australia 6005

Solicitors

Steinepreis Paganin Level 4, 16 Milligan Street Perth, Western Australia 6000

Share Registry

Advanced Share Registry Services 110 Stirling Highway Nedlands, Western Australia 6009

Tel: +61 8 9389 8033 Fax: +61 8 9262 3723

Website: www.advancedshare.com.au

Securities Exchange Listing

Fully paid ordinary shares and partly paid ordinary shares in Breaker Resources NL are quoted on ASX Limited (codes: BRB and BRBCA respectively). The Home Exchange is Perth, Western Australia.

ABN

87 145 011 178





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Review of Activities

Breaker Resources NL (**Breaker**) has identified scope for large new gold deposits on three 100%-owned projects: the Lake Roe Project, which is the Company's main focus, the Duketon North Project and the Dexter Project.

The Company's exploration strategy focuses on the use of structural analysis and innovative multielement geochemical techniques to identify large new gold systems concealed by transported cover. Under-cover areas in WA's high-endowment Eastern Goldfields Superterrane are largely unexplored and represent a new and highly prospective search space that is now amenable to exploration using modern geochemical techniques not available 20 years ago.

Breaker identified a large new greenfields gold system in an area of thin transported cover at its **Lake Roe Gold Project**, located 100km east of Kalgoorlie, in July 2015. Since then, the Company has undertaken 33,530m of "scoping style" reconnaissance drilling comprising four aircore programs and one RC program. A further RC program was undertaken in July 2016.

Initial reconnaissance aircore drilling at Lake Roe identified gold mineralisation over a distance of 6km, returning a best intersection of 5m at 6.12g/t Au (incl. 2m at 14.42g/t Au and 1m at 22.44g/t Au) on a wide drill hole spacing (80m-160m). Significantly, twenty percent of the drill holes terminated in +50ppb gold mineralisation defining cohesive end-of-hole alteration up to 300m wide accompanied by anomalous pathfinder elements (Ag, As, Sb), consistent with a gold system of scale¹.

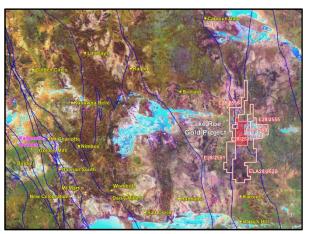






Photo 1: RC Drilling at Lake Roe, February 2016

Two subsequent phases of infill geochemical aircore drilling in the southern 2km of the system (Bombora Prospect) validated the presence of a significant gold system, intersecting significant oxide gold mineralisation in fractionated dolerite, and on a granite contact to the immediate east (Phases 2 and 3). Significant intersection included 3.3m at 3.48g/t Au, 15m at 1.46g/t Au, 12m at 1.46g/t Au (incl. 2m at 5.55g/t), and 4m at 3.66g/t Au (incl. 2m at 7.01g/t)². Many drill holes terminated in mineralisation. The Phase 2 and 3 aircore drilling enabled the interpretation of primary gold positions which were then targeted by reconnaissance reverse circulation drilling in February 2016.

Maiden reconnaissance RC drilling at Bombora successfully discovered high-grade gold up to 25g/t in primary sulphide lodes over a ~400m distance open to the north³. Significantly, the RC drilling confirmed that all of the geological processes needed to transport, focus and deposit gold at economic grades have clearly been active, thereby effectively reducing the exploration risk profile to "brownfields". Importantly, the knowledge gleaned from the AC and RC drilling at Bombora provided the foundation for making a preliminary assessment of the controls on the gold distribution. This highlighted the potential for more primary gold in a favourable geometry extending 4km to the north of Bombora.



In the June 2016 quarter, Breaker completed a 7,807m geochemical aircore drill program (Phase 4) to assess the gold potential over a 4km distance directly north of the Bombora discovery announced in April 2016. This program successfully encountered strong gold anomalism up to 10.53g/t in two main areas designated the Bombora North and Crescent Prospects⁴. The gold potential between the Bombora North and Crescent Prospects is significant and other new and largely untested gold targets also emerged.

As at the date of this report, a staged RC and diamond drilling program is underway to test the new targets and further evaluate the Lake Roe gold system. The staged RC drilling will systematically track the gold mineralisation over a 2.6km distance southwards from Bombora North towards the Bombora Prospect. The initial "off-lake" RC component of the drilling, a 2,522m RC drill program in the central part of the Bombora North Prospect, was completed in late-July 2016.

The results to date at the Lake Roe Gold Project are consistent with the early stages of a large discovery.

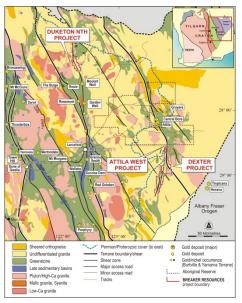


Figure 2: Dexter & Duketon North Locations

The current **Duketon North** tenement (E38/3019) (160km north-northwest of Laverton) was granted in February 2016. The main gold target is greenstone-hosted gold in a structurally complex part of the Duketon greenstone belt along strike from the Moolart Well gold mine. Breaker previously identified a soil anomaly on a prominent bend in the greenstone belt next to a wide (0.7km to 1.4km) gold-prospective dolerite unit. The Company completed a 4,126m program of reconnaissance aircore drilling in late-July 2016 to test for the presence of a new gold system. The drill program consisted of several 400m to 800m spaced drill traverses across the soil anomalies, on drill hole spacing of 100m. Preliminary assay results are expected during August 2016.

At the **Dexter** Project, 140km southeast of Laverton, field work focused on environmental rehabilitation of earlier drilling. The Company previously identified the regional scale Three Bears-Tallows gold-in-soil anomaly, situated near the junction of the Yamarna and Dexter Shear Zones in 2012 and the 12km-long

Sandshoes anomaly, situated 20km to the southwest, in late 2013. During 2015/16 a comprehensive review of all exploration results was undertaken and the prospectivity of the area confirmed. Further drilling at the Dexter Project is contemplated, potentially with a joint venture partner to accelerate progress.

Other exploration activities during the reporting period included geological mapping and environmental rehabilitation. In addition, extensive data analysis of both historical and Company exploration results was undertaken to improve understanding of geological setting, geochemistry and hydrogeology. Tenement acquisition and rationalisation continued, including the sale of the Mt Gill and Kurrajong Projects and consolidation of the remaining area of the Attila West Project into the Dexter Project. At the date of this report, the Company's tenement package comprised 12 granted exploration licences and two applications, with a total area of 1,696km².

¹ ASX Release 30 October 2015

² ASX Releases 30 December 2015 & 29 January 2016

³ ASX Release 18 April 2016

⁴ ASX Release 25 July 2016



Directors' Report

The directors of Breaker Resources NL herewith submit the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2016. In order to comply with the provisions of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth), the directors report as follows:

Information about Officeholders

Directors

The names of the directors of the Company during the financial year and up to the date of this report are provided below. All of the directors held their positions for the entire financial year period.

Mr Thomas Sanders BSc (Geology); MSc (Mineral Economics); MAuslMM; FAICD Executive Chairman (appointed 2 July 2010)

Tom Sanders is a geologist with over 35 years' experience in the Australian mining industry. He has extensive experience in project generation, exploration, feasibility, mining and corporate management with a strong emphasis on gold and nickel in Western Australia (WA). Mr Sanders has published works on nickel and gold in WA, in addition to regional mineralisation studies on the eastern Kimberley region under contract to the Geological Survey of WA.

Mr Sanders has managed a large number of exploration projects, several of which he progressed into production during a 23 year period based in the Kalgoorlie region in WA. He has extensive production experience on several underground and open pit gold and nickel operations.

Mr Sanders was responsible for identifying Breaker's initial projects and guiding the Company to a successful ASX listing in 2012. Mr Sanders previously founded Navigator Resources Limited and steered that company from initial project acquisition to ASX-listing. He then managed the building of a two million ounce gold resource inventory through discovery and acquisition and identified the Cummins Range rare earth resource.

During the past three (3) years, Mr Sanders has not served as a director on any other listed company.

Mr Mark Edwards BJuris; LLB

Non-Executive Director (appointed 2 July 2010)

Mark Edwards is a solicitor with over 25 years of experience in resources and corporate law. He has advised a number of ASX-listed companies active in the resources sector and on a range of resources projects in Australia and overseas, including significant nickel, gold and iron ore projects. His professional work has involved him in many facets of the resources industry ranging from ASX listings, exploration and mining joint ventures to project development agreements and project financing.

During the past three (3) years, Mr Edwards has not served as a director on any other listed company.

Mr Michael Kitney Assoc. Met; Post Grad Dip (Extractive Metallurgy); MSc (Mineral Economics); MAuslMM Non-Executive Director (appointed 2 July 2010)

Mike Kitney is a process engineer with over 40 years' experience in the mining industry. He has participated in the development and construction of projects throughout Australia, Africa, south east Asia and the former Soviet Union. Mr Kitney's particular strengths are in production and mineral processing, all aspects of environmental management, project evaluation and assessment and leadership of interdisciplinary project teams. He brings to the Company vast project development expertise and practical experience in commissioning new projects.



Mr Kitney has previously held senior technical and project management positions with Alcoa Australia Limited, Minproc Engineers Limited, Property Company of London plc, British Phosphate Commissioners, Nelson Gold Corporation Limited and Avocet Mining plc. He is currently the Chief Operating Officer of ASX-listed Kasbah Resources Limited.

During the past three (3) years, Mr Kitney has served as a director on ASX-listed General Mining Corporation Limited (appointed 20 October 2015; ceased 5 August 2016).

Company Secretary

The name of the company secretary of the Company during or since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report, and the term of their appointment, are provided below.

<u>Miss Michelle Simson</u> EMBA (Dist.); GradDipACG; ACIS; AGIA Company Secretary (appointed 22 October 2012)

Michelle Simson has 20 years' administration experience, including the last 12 years in the resources industry working in both exploration and mining companies in the commodities of gold and uranium. She has previously held positions with Agincourt Resources Limited, Nova Energy Limited and Navigator Resources Limited and has completed an Executive Master of Business Administration with Distinction at the University of Western Australia and a Graduate Diploma in Applied Corporate Governance. She is a Chartered Secretary and member of the Governance Institute of Australia.

During the past three (3) years, Miss Simson has not served as a director on any other listed company.

Board Committee Membership

As at the date of this report, the Board has an Audit Committee, Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and a Risk Committee. All directors currently comprise membership of each of the committees and the chairmen of the respective committees are:

Audit Committee: Mark Edwards;
 Nomination Committee: Tom Sanders;
 Remuneration Committee: Mike Kitney; and

▼ Risk Committee: Tom Sanders.

Directors' Meetings

The number of meetings of directors (including meetings of committees of directors) held during the year and the number of meetings attended by each director is as follows:

| | Воа | ard of | | | | Committee | e Meetin | ngs | | |
|--------------|------|---------|------|---------|------|-----------|----------|-----------|------|---------|
| | Dire | ectors | A | Audit | Nom | ination | Remu | ıneration | I | Risk |
| Director | Held | Present | Held | Present | Held | Present | Held | Present | Held | Present |
| Tom Sanders | 6 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Mark Edwards | 6 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Mike Kitney | 6 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |



Directors' Interests

The following table sets out each director's relevant interest in shares and options in shares of the Company or a related body corporate as at the date of this report.

| Director | Fully paid ordinary shares | Partly paid ordinary shares | Unlisted share options |
|--------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Number | Number | Number |
| Tom Sanders | 20,989,230 | 1,309,871 | 0 |
| Mark Edwards | 1,636,108 | 65,000 | 0 |
| Mike Kitney | 1,468,544 | 58,125 | 0 |

During and since the end of the financial year Nil share options have been granted to directors of the Company as part of their remuneration (2015: Nil).

Directors' and Officers' Insurance

During the financial year, Breaker paid a premium to insure the directors and secretary of the Company. Details of the premium are subject to a confidentiality clause under the contract of insurance. The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Company and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings.

This does not include such liabilities that arise from conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else or to cause detriment to the Company. It is not possible to apportion the premium between amounts relating to the insurance against legal costs and those relating to other liabilities.

Corporate Structure

Breaker Resources NL is a no liability public company limited by shares, domiciled and incorporated in Australia.

Principal Activities

During the year the Company carried out exploration activities on its tenements in Western Australia with the objective of identifying gold and other economic mineral deposits.

Operational Review

Activities Review

A review of the exploration activities undertaken during the year commences on page 1.

Financial Review

During the year total exploration expenditure incurred by the Company amounted to \$2,219,306 (2015: \$1,284,015). In line with the Company's accounting policies, all exploration expenditure is written off as it is incurred. Net administration expense amounted to \$30,055 (2015: (\$389,247)). The Company's operating loss after income tax for the year is \$2,249,361 (2014: \$894,768).

At year end the Company held cash or similar reserves of \$657,392 (2015: \$1,209,437).



Operating Results for the Year

Summarised operating results are as follows:

| | Revenues | Results |
|---|----------|-------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Revenues and profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax | | |
| expenses | 589,239 | (2,249,361) |

Shareholder Return

Summarised shareholder return is as follows:

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------|
| | cents | cents |
| Basic profit/(loss) per share | (2.80) | (1.30) |

Dividends

No dividends were paid or declared during the year. No recommendation for payment of dividends has been made.

Share Options

As at the date of this report, there are 2,500,000 unissued ordinary shares of Breaker Resources NL in respect of which options are outstanding. This number comprises:

| Type of option | Number | Exercise price | Expiry date | |
|----------------|-----------|----------------|------------------|--|
| Unlisted | 1,000,000 | \$0.50 | 31 December 2016 | |
| Unlisted | 1,000,000 | \$0.478 | 31 December 2016 | |
| Unlisted | 500,000 | \$0.40 | 30 June 2019 | |

No person entitled to exercise any option referred to above has or had, by virtue of the option, a right to participate in any share issue of any other body corporate.

Share Options Issued

The following options were issued by Breaker Resources NL during the financial year:

| Type of option | Number | Exercise price | Expiry date | Comment |
|----------------|---------|----------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| Unlisted | 500,000 | \$0.40 | 30 June 2019 | Issued to consultant as |
| | | | | per agreement dated |
| | | | | 18 May 2016 |

Shares Issued on Exercise of Options

There were Nil shares issued due to the exercise of options during the financial year.

Share Options that Expired/Lapsed

The following options expired or lapsed during the financial year.

| Type of option | Number | Exercise price | Expiry date | Reason for lapse |
|----------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Unlisted | 3,000,000 | \$0.278 | 30 June 2016 | Expiry |
| Unlisted | 3,000,000 | \$0.228 | 30 June 2016 | Expiry |



Significant Changes in State of Affairs

During the financial year there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company other than those referred to in the Financial Statements and notes thereto.

Subsequent Events

There were no matters or circumstances arising since the end of the reporting period that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company and the results of those operations or the state of the affairs of the Company in the financial period subsequent to 30 June 2016.

Likely Developments and Expected Results

The Company expects to maintain a similar status and level of activities to that at present and hence there are no likely developments in the entity's operations.

Environmental Regulations and Performance

Breaker is subject to significant environmental regulation in respect to its exploration activities. The Company aims to ensure that the appropriate standard of environmental care is achieved, and in doing so, that it is aware of and is in compliance with all environmental legislation. The directors of the Company are not aware of any breach of environmental legislation for the year under review.

Proceedings on Behalf of the Company

No persons have applied for leave pursuant to section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*(Cth) to bring, or intervene in, proceedings on behalf of Breaker Resources NL.

Non-Audit Services

There were no non-audit services performed during the year by the auditors for the Company (or by another person or firm on the auditor's behalf).

Auditor's Independence Declaration

The Auditor's Independence Declaration is included on page 14 and forms part of the Directors' Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2016.

Remuneration Report

This Remuneration Report, which forms part of the Directors' Report, sets out information about the remuneration of Breaker Resources NL's key management personnel for the financial year ended 30 June 2016. The information provided in this report has been audited as per the requirements of section 308(3C) of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth).

The report is set out under the following main headings:

- Key management personnel;
- Principles used to determine the components and amount of compensation;
- Details of remuneration;
- Details of share-based compensation; and
- Details of service agreements and employment contracts.



Key Management Personnel

For the purposes of this report, key management personnel of the Company are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Company, directly or indirectly. The key management personnel during the year were:

▼ Tom Sanders
 ▼ Mark Edwards
 ▼ Mike Kitney
 ▼ Alastair Barker
 Executive Chairman
 Non-Executive Director
 Exploration Manager

▼ Michelle Simson Manager Corporate Affairs/Company Secretary

Principles Used to Determine the Components and Amount of Compensation

Remuneration Committee

The role of the Remuneration Committee is to assist the Company in fulfilling its corporate governance responsibilities relating to remuneration by reviewing and making appropriate recommendations on:

- ▼ remuneration packages of executive directors, non-executive directors and officers;
- employee incentive and equity-based plans including the appropriateness of performance hurdles and total payments proposed;
- recruitment, retention and termination policies and procedures for senior executives; and
- **▼** superannuation arrangements.

Remuneration Policy

The remuneration policy of Breaker Resources NL has been designed to align key management personnel objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the Company's results. The Board of Breaker Resources NL believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best key management personnel to run and manage the Company.

The policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for senior executives of the Company is summarised below:

- ▼ The remuneration policy, setting the terms and conditions for the executive directors and other senior executives, was developed by the Board. The Board reviews executive packages annually by reference to the Company's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies in similar industries.
- ▼ The Board may exercise discretion in relation to approving incentives, bonuses and options. The policy is designed to attract and retain the highest calibre of executives and reward them for performance that results in long-term growth in shareholder wealth.
- Executives are also entitled to participate in the employee option plan.
- ➤ Where applicable, executives receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government, which during the reporting period was 9.5%. Some individuals may choose to sacrifice part of their salary to increase payments towards superannuation.
- ▲ All remuneration paid to key management personnel is valued at the cost to the Company and expensed. Options are valued using the Black-Scholes methodology.

The Board policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to the non-executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required.



The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the annual general meeting. The remuneration pool limit is \$300,000 and is currently utilised to a level of \$64,000 per annum. The base fee paid to non-executive directors is \$32,000 per annum.

Fees for non-executive directors are not linked to the performance of the Company however to align directors' interests with shareholder interests, the directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company and are able to participate in the employee option plan, although any allocation must be approved by shareholders in general meeting. There is no retirement benefit plan for directors.

<u>Performance Based Remuneration</u>

The Company currently has no individual performance based remuneration component built into key management personnel remuneration packages.

Company Performance, Shareholder Wealth and Key Management Personnel Remuneration

The remuneration policy has been tailored to increase the direct positive relationship between shareholders' investment objectives and key management personnel performance. Currently, this is facilitated through the issue of options to key management personnel to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. The Company believes this policy will be effective in increasing shareholder wealth.

Use of Remuneration Consultants

The Company did not employ the services of any remuneration consultants during the financial year ended 30 June 2016.

Details of Remuneration

The key management personnel of the Company are disclosed above. Remuneration packages contain the following elements:

- ➤ Short-term employee benefits cash salary and fees, cash bonuses, non-monetary benefits and other;
- Post-employment benefits including superannuation and termination; and
- ➤ Share-based payments shares and options granted.

The remuneration for each director and each of the other key management personnel of the Company during the year was as follows:

| Key | Short- | term | Post-emp | oloyment | Share-based payments | |
|---------------|--------------|----------|-----------|------------|----------------------|---------|
| management | | Non- | Super- | Retirement | | |
| personnel | Salary &fees | monetary | annuation | benefits | Options | Total |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Tom Sanders | | | | | | |
| × 2016 | 220,104 | - | - | - | - | 220,104 |
| × 2015 | 220,854 | - | - | - | - | 220,854 |
| Mark Edwards | | | | | | |
| × 2016 | 32,000 | - | - | - | - | 32,000 |
| × 2015 | 32,000 | - | - | - | - | 32,000 |
| Mike Kitney | | | | | | |
| × 2016 | 30,612 | - | 1,388 | - | - | 32,000 |
| × 2015 | 32,000 | - | - | - | - | 32,000 |



| Key | Short- | term | Post-emp | oloyment | Share-based payments | |
|-------------------------|--------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------|
| management personnel | Salary &fees | Non- monetary | Super- annuation | Retirement benefits | Options | Total |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Alastair Barker | | | | | | |
| × 2016 | 179,344 | - | - | - | - | 179,344 |
| ≭ 2015 | 181,667 | - | - | - | - | 181,667 |
| Michelle Simson | | | | | | |
| × 2016 | 128,708 | - | 20,285 | - | - | 148,993 |
| ≭ 2015 | 151,355 | - | 24,645 | - | - | 176,000 |

No director or executive appointed during the year received a payment as part of his or her consideration for agreeing to hold the position.

Details of Share-Based Compensation

Shares

Nil shares in the Company were issued to key management personnel as part of their remuneration during the year (2015: Nil).

Options

Nil options in the Company were issued to key management personnel as part of their remuneration during the year (2015: Nil). There were Nil options exercised or sold by key management personnel during the year (2015: Nil).

During the year, the following share-based payment arrangements for key management personnel were in existence:

| Option series | Grant date | Expiry date | Fair value per option at grant cents | Vesting date |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| 60502 | 1 August 2011 | 30 June 2016 | 2.31 | 5 August 2011 |
| 60503 | 1 August 2011 | 30 June 2016 | 1.90 | 9 August 2011 |
| 60510 | 10 July 2012 | 31 December 2016 | 8.52 | 11 July 2012 |
| 60511 | 20 November 2012 | 31 December 2016 | 20.13 | 27 November 2012 |

A total of 6,000,000 options (comprising Series 60502 and 60503) expired on 30 June 2016.

<u>Shareholdings of Key Management Personnel</u>

The numbers of ordinary shares in the Company during the financial year in which each director of Breaker Resources NL and other key management personnel of the Company holds a relevant interest, including their closely related parties, are detailed below:



| Fully Paid Ordinary Shares | Fully Paid | Ordinary | Shares |
|----------------------------|------------|----------|--------|
|----------------------------|------------|----------|--------|

| Key management personnel | Balance at start of year | Granted as compensation | Received on exercise of options | Other changes | Balance at year end |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| | Number | Number | Number | Number | Number |
| Tom Sanders | | | | | |
| × 2016 | 14,925,826 | - | - | 6,063,404 | 20,989,230 |
| ≭ 2015 | 14,449,747 | - | - | 476,079 | 14,925,826 |
| Mark Edwards | | | | | |
| × 2016 | 1,180,000 | - | - | 456,108 | 1,636,108 |
| × 2015 | 1,180,000 | - | - | - | 1,180,000 |
| Mike Kitney | | | | | |
| × 2016 | 1,191,250 | - | - | 277,294 | 1,468,544 |
| × 2015 | 1,191,250 | - | - | - | 1,191,250 |
| Alastair Barker | | | | | |
| × 2016 | 62,500 | - | - | 166,412 | 228,912 |
| × 2015 | 62,500 | - | - | - | 62,500 |
| Michelle Simson | | | | | |
| × 2016 | - | - | - | - | - |
| × 2015 | - | - | - | - | - |

Partly Paid Ordinary Shares

| Key | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|------------|
| management | Balance at | Granted as | | Balance at |
| personnel | start of year | compensation | Other changes | year end |
| | Number | Number | Number | Number |
| Tom Sanders | | | | |
| × 2016 | 1,309,871 | - | - | 1,309,871 |
| × 2015 | 1,309,871 | - | - | 1,309,871 |
| Mark Edwards | | | | |
| × 2016 | 65,000 | - | - | 65,000 |
| ≭ 2015 | 65,000 | - | - | 65,000 |
| Mike Kitney | | | | |
| × 2016 | 58,125 | - | - | 58,125 |
| × 2015 | 58,125 | - | - | 58,125 |
| Alastair Barker | | | | |
| × 2016 | 6,250 | - | - | 6,250 |
| × 2015 | 6,250 | - | - | 6,250 |
| Michelle Simson | | | | |
| × 2016 | - | - | - | - |
| × 2015 | - | - | - | - |

Option Holdings of Key Management Personnel

The numbers of options over ordinary shares in the Company during the financial year in which each director of Breaker Resources NL and other key management personnel of the Company holds a relevant interest, including their closely related parties, are detailed below:



| Key management personnel | Balance at start of year Number | Granted as compen- sation Number | Exercised Number | Other changes Number | Balance at year end Number | Vested and exercisable Number |
|--------------------------------|--|---|------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Tom Sanders | | | | | | |
| × 2016 | 5,000,000 | - | - | (5,000,000) | - | - |
| ≭ 2015 | 6,944,871 | - | - | (1,944,871) | 5,000,000 | 5,000,000 |
| Mark Edwards | | | | | | |
| × 2016 | 500,000 | - | - | (500,000) | - | - |
| ≭ 2015 | 565,000 | - | - | (65,000) | 500,000 | 500,000 |
| Mike Kitney | | | | | | |
| × 2016 | 500,000 | - | - | (500,000) | - | - |
| ≭ 2015 | 570,625 | - | - | (70,625) | 500,000 | 500,000 |
| Alastair Barker | | | | | | |
| × 2016 | 1,000,000 | - | - | - | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| ≭ 2015 | 1,031,250 | - | - | (31,250) | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Michelle Simson | | | | | | |
| × 2016 | 1,000,000 | - | - | - | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| × 2015 | 1,000,000 | - | - | - | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |

As a result of the conduct of the Company's pro rata entitlement issue in October 2015, and in accordance with the relevant terms and conditions, the exercise prices of various unlisted options on issue were adjusted, as per the formula provided in ASX Listing Rule 6.22.2, effective 20 October 2015 (the market price of BRB securities at this time was 6 cents). Details of the adjustments made to options held by key management personnel are outlined below.

| Key management personnel | Unlisted options held | Expiry date | Exercise price pre-adjustment | Fair value pre- adjustment | Exercise price postadjustment | Fair value post- adjustment |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Number | | cents | cents | cents | cents |
| Tom Sanders | 2,000,000 | 30/06/16 | 23.1 | 11.11 | 22.8 | 0.60 |
| Tom Sanders | 3,000,000 | 30/06/16 | 28.1 | 10.26 | 27.8 | 0.45 |
| Mark Edwards | 500,000 | 30/06/16 | 23.1 | 11.11 | 22.8 | 0.60 |
| Mike Kitney | 500,000 | 30/06/16 | 23.1 | 11.11 | 22.8 | 0.60 |
| Michelle Simson | 1,000,000 | 31/12/16 | 48.1 | 9.11 | 47.8 | 0.22 |

All other terms and conditions of the unlisted options remained unchanged.

Details of Service Agreements and Employment Contracts

Service agreements are in place between the Company and Executive Chairman Tom Sanders and Exploration Manager Alastair Barker. Manager Corporate Affairs/Company Secretary Michelle Simson is employed via contract. Details of these arrangements as at 30 June 2016 are provided below:

- ▼ Service Agreement: Tom Sanders Executive Chairman
 - ▼ Term of agreement Initial term of two (2) years and further terms of two (2) years, subject to termination provisions; commenced 18 April 2012 (subject to ASX listing).
 - ▲ An annual consultancy fee of \$220,104 (inclusive of superannuation, plus GST) is paid to Goldfields Geological Associates, an entity controlled by Mr Sanders, for the provision of services by Mr Sanders on a minimum of 80% of fulltime basis.



- ➤ The agreement continues until terminated by either Goldfields Geological Associates or the Company. Subject to the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) and the ASX Listing Rules, Mr Sanders is entitled to a minimum notice period of 12 months and the Company is entitled to a minimum notice period of three (3) months.
- ▼ Goldfields Geological Associates will be reimbursed for expenses incurred on the Company's behalf.
- Service Agreement: Alastair Barker Exploration Manager
 - ▼ Term of agreement Initial term of two (2) years and further terms of one (1) year subject to termination provisions; commenced 18 April 2012 (subject to ASX listing).
 - ▲ An annual consultancy fee of \$179,344 (inclusive of superannuation, plus GST) is paid to Horizon Resources Pty Ltd, an entity controlled by Mr Barker, for the provision of services by Mr Barker on a minimum of 80% of fulltime basis.
 - ▼ The agreement continues until terminated by either Horizon Resources Pty Ltd or the Company. Subject to the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) and ASX Listing Rules, Mr Barker is entitled to a minimum notice period of 12 months (or six (6) months after the initial term). The Company is entitled to a minimum notice period of three (3) months.
- ▼ Employment Contract: Michelle Simson Manager Corporate Affairs/Company Secretary
 - Base salary of \$176,000 per annum (inclusive of superannuation).
 - ➤ Payment of termination benefit on termination by the employer, other than for gross misconduct, equals three (3) months' salary.
 - Notice period of three (3) months.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 298(2) of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth).

On behalf of the directors

TOM SANDERS
Executive Chairman

Perth, 19 August 2016

Competent Persons Statement

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Targets and Exploration Results is based on information compiled by Tom Sanders and Alastair Barker, Competent Persons, who are Members of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Sanders and Mr Barker are executives of Breaker Resources NL and their services have been engaged by Breaker on an 80% of full time basis; they are also shareholders in the Company. Mr Sanders and Mr Barker have sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Sanders and Mr Barker consent to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on their information in the form and context in which it appears.

Exploration results mentioned in the Review of Activities as being reported by Breaker Resources NL prior to 1 December 2013 were done so under JORC Code 2004 and there has been no material change to the information since this time.





Level 1, Lincoln House, 4 Ventnor Avenue, West Perth WA 6005 P.O. Box 8716, Perth Business Centre WA 6849 Phone (08) 9486 7094 www.rothsayresources.com.au

The Directors Breaker Resources NL 12 Walker Ave West Perth WA 6005

Dear Sirs

In accordance with Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 (the "Act") I hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief there have been:

- i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Act in relation to the audit of the 30 June 2016 financial statements; and
- ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Rolf Garda (Lead auditor)

Rothsay Auditing

Dated /7 August 2016





Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the Financial Year ended 30 June 2016

| | | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|-------|-------------|-------------|
| | Notes | \$ | \$ |
| Income | | | |
| Government grant and incentive | 4 | 507,439 | 926,686 |
| Interest income | 4 | 27,227 | 36,138 |
| Other income | 4 | 54,573 | 58 |
| Total income | | 589,239 | 962,882 |
| Expenses | | | |
| Administration expenses | | (389,105) | (326,732) |
| Depreciation expenses | 4 | (83,893) | (93,450) |
| Employee benefits expenses | 4 | (146,296) | (153,367) |
| Exploration and evaluation expenses | 4 | (2,219,306) | (1,284,015) |
| Interest expenses | | | (86) |
| Total expenses | | (2,838,600) | (1,857,650) |
| Profit/(Loss) before income tax | | (2,249,361) | (894,768) |
| Income tax expense | 6 | - | - |
| Profit/(Loss) for the year | | (2,249,361) | (894,768) |
| Other comprehensive income | | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year | | (2,249,361) | (894,768) |
| Profit/(Loss) attributable to owners of the Company | | (2,249,361) | (894,768) |
| Total comprehensive income/(expense) attributable to owners of the Company | | (2,249,361) | (894,768) |
| Basic and diluted profit/(loss) per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company (cents per share) | 15 | (2.80) | (1.30) |

The above *Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income* should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2016

| | Notes | 2016 \$ | 2015 \$ |
|--|--------|--------------|-------------|
| Current Assets | Notes | Ψ | Ψ |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 7 | 657,392 | 1,209,437 |
| Term deposits | 7 | 1,131,045 | 30,000 |
| Trade and other receivables | 8 | 150,631 | 51,483 |
| Other financial assets | 9 | 36,410 | 36,410 |
| Total Current Assets | _ | 1,975,478 | 1,327,330 |
| Non-Current Assets | | | |
| Plant and equipment | 10 | 12,635 | 96,528 |
| Prepaid service | 11 | 38,512 | - |
| Total Non-Current Assets | _ | 51,147 | 96,528 |
| Total Assets | _ | 2,026,625 | 1,423,858 |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 12 | 272,000 | 130,065 |
| Total Current Liabilities | _ | 272,000 | 130,065 |
| Total Liabilities | _ | 272,000 | 130,065 |
| Net Assets | _ | 1,754,625 | 1,293,793 |
| Equity | | | |
| Contributed equity | 13 | 12,414,330 | 9,743,750 |
| Reserves | | 325,953 | 412,640 |
| Accumulated profit/(loss) | | (10,985,658) | (8,862,597) |
| Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company | _ | 1,754,625 | 1,293,793 |
| Total Equity | - - | 1,754,625 | 1,293,793 |

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Statement of Changes in Equity for the Financial Year ended 30 June 2016

Attributable to owners of the Company

| | | | Share- based | | |
|--|-------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| | | Contributed Equity | Payments Reserve | Accumulated Profit/(Losses) | Total |
| | Notes | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at 30 June 2014 | | 9,743,749 | 469,533 | (8,024,722) | 2,188,560 |
| Profit/(Loss) for the year | | - | - | (894,768) | (894,768) |
| Total comprehensive | | | | | |
| income/(expense) for the year | | | | (894,768) | (894,768) |
| Transfer to accumulated losses Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: | | - | (56,893) | 56,893 | - |
| Contributions of equity net of transaction costs | 13 | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| Balance at 30 June 2015 | | 9,743,750 | 412,640 | (8,862,597) | 1,293,793 |
| Profit/(Loss) for the year | | | - | (2,249,361) | (2,249,361) |
| Total comprehensive | | | | | |
| income/(expense) for the year | | | - | (2,249,361) | (2,249,361) |
| Options issued during the year Options expired and transferred to | | - | 39,613 | - | 39,613 |
| accumulated losses | | - | (126,300) | 126,300 | - |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: | | | | | |
| Contributions of equity net of transaction costs | 13 | 2,670,580 | - | - | 2,670,580 |
| Balance at 30 June 2016 | | 12,414,330 | 325,953 | (10,985,658) | 1,754,625 |

The above *Statement of Changes in Equity* should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Statement of Cash Flows for the Financial Year ended 30 June 2016

| | Notes | 2016 \$ | 2015 \$ |
|--|--------|-------------|-------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | 140103 | Ψ | Ψ |
| Payments to suppliers and employees | | (569,770) | (593,219) |
| Payments for exploration and evaluation expenditure | | (1,932,620) | (1,363,527) |
| Receipts from government grant and incentive | | 507,439 | 2,707,832 |
| Other income received | | 54,573 | 58 |
| Interest received | | 27,227 | 36,138 |
| Interest paid | | - | (86) |
| Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities | 17 | (1,913,151) | 787,196 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | |
| Investment in term deposits | | (1,101,045) | (30,000) |
| Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities | | (1,101,045) | (30,000) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares | | 2,649,183 | 1 |
| Share issue transaction costs | | (187,032) | - |
| Repayment of borrowings | | - | (5,335) |
| Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities | | 2,462,151 | (5,334) |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | (552,045) | 751,862 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | | 1,209,437 | 457,575 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 7 | 657,392 | 1,209,437 |

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year ended 30 June 2016

General information

Breaker Resources NL is a public company listed on the Australian Securities Exchange, incorporated in Australia and operating in Australia. The Company's registered office and its principal place of business is 12 Walker Avenue, West Perth WA 6005. Breaker Resources NL's principal activity is mineral exploration and it is a for-profit entity for the purposes of preparing the Financial Statements.

These Financial Statements are for Breaker Resources NL as an individual entity and are presented in the Australian currency. The Financial Statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 19 August 2016. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the Financial Statements.

2. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Financial Statements are set out below.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (Corporations Act) and Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations (Standards) issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB). The Financial Statements and notes of the Company also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

These Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. All amounts are presented in Australian dollars, unless otherwise noted.

Going concern

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the basis of going concern which assumes continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

(b) New and revised accounting standards

i. Amendments to Standards that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Company has applied one applicable amendment to Standards issued by the AASB that are mandatorily effective for an accounting period that begins on or after 1 July 2015, and therefore relevant for the current year end.

AASB 2015-3 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Withdrawal of AASB 1031 Materiality'

This amendment completes the withdrawal of references to AASB 1031 in all Standards, allowing that Standard to effectively be withdrawn.

The application of the amendment does not have any material impact on the disclosures or on the amounts recognised in the Company's financial statements.



ii. Standards in issue not yet adopted

At the date of authorisation of the Financial Statements, the Standards applicable to the Company's business listed below were in issue but not yet effective. The potential effect of the revised Standards on the Company's financial statements has not yet been determined.

AASB 9 'Financial Instruments' and the relevant amending standards, effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2019;

AASB 2014-3 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations', effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2017;

AASB 2014-4 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation', effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2017;

AASB 2014-9 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements', effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2017:

AASB 2014-10 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture', effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2017;

AASB 2015-1 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements to Australian Accounting Standards 2012-2014 Cycle', effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2017;

AASB 2015-2 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 101', effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2017;

AASB 2016-1 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses', effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017, expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2018; and

AASB 2016-2 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB107', effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017, expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 30 June 2018.

(c) Segment reporting

An operating segment is defined as a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.



Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Company's chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors.

(d) Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received. Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Company with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

(e) Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

(f) Income tax

The income tax expense for the year is the tax payable on the current year's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It creates provisions, where appropriate, on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the Financial Statements. However, the deferred tax income is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise these temporary differences and losses. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.



(g) Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the *Statement of Cash Flows*, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three (3) months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are not subject to significant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts.

(i) Trade and other receivables

Receivables are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less a provision for any uncollectible debts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off as incurred.

(j) Financial assets

Classification

The Company classifies all of its financial assets as loans and receivables. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinate payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current assets.

Due to the short-term nature of the current receivables, their carrying amount is assumed to be the same as their fair value. For the non-current receivables, the fair values are also not significantly different to their carrying amounts.

Collectability of loans and receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. An allowance account (provision for impairment) is used where there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables or in an otherwise timely manner. The amount of the impairment allowance is the difference between



the asset's carrying amount and the estimated future cashflows. None of the Company's loans and receivables has an applicable interest rate hence the cash flows are not discounted.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the *Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income* within impairment expenses. When a loan or receivable for which an impairment allowance has been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the *Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income*.

Recognition and derecognition

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date – the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership.

Impairment

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. If there is any evidence of impairment for any of the Company's financial assets carried at amortised cost, the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred. The cash flows are discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The loss is recognised in the *Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income*.

(k) Plant and equipment

All plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the *Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income* during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of plant and equipment is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives or, in the case of leasehold improvements and certain leased plant and equipment, the shorter lease term. All plant and equipment is depreciated at the rate of 25% per annum.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (refer to Note 2(g)).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the *Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income*.

(I) Exploration and evaluation costs

Exploration and evaluation costs are written off in the year they are incurred.



(m) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are paid on normal commercial terms. They are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period.

(n) Employee benefits

Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, and annual leave that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The short-term employee benefit obligations are presented as payables.

Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for long service leave and annual leave that are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the end of the reporting period of government bonds with terms and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in profit or loss.

(o) Share-based payments

The Company provides benefits to employees (including directors and contractors) and suppliers in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees and suppliers render goods or services in exchange for shares or rights over shares (**equity-settled transactions**) (refer to Note 18).

The cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an internal valuation using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which any performance conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees or suppliers become fully entitled to the award (vesting date).

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until vesting date reflects:

- the extent to which the vesting period has expired; and
- ★ the number of options that, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, will ultimately vest

This opinion is formed based on the best available information at balance date. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date. No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition.



Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new award are treated as if they were a modification of the original award.

Options over ordinary shares have also previously been issued as consideration for other services. These options have been treated in the same manner as employee options described above, with the expense being included as part of exploration expenditure.

(p) Issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(q) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the *Statement of Financial Position*.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

(r) Critical judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of these Financial Statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates, which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the Financial Statements are:

Environmental issues

Balances disclosed in the Financial Statements and notes thereto are not adjusted for any pending or enacted environmental legislation, and the directors' understanding thereof. At the current stage of the Company's development and its current environmental impact, the directors believe such treatment is reasonable and appropriate.

Taxation

Balances disclosed in the Financial Statements and the notes thereto related to taxation are based on the best estimates of the directors. These estimates take into account both the financial performance and position of the Company as they pertain to current income taxation legislation, and the directors' understanding thereof. No adjustment has been made for pending or future taxation legislation. The current income tax position represents the directors' best estimate, pending an assessment by the Australian Taxation Office.

3. Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company.



Risk management is carried out by the full Board via the audit and risk committees as the Company believes that it is crucial for all directors to be involved in this process. The Executive Chairman, with the assistance of senior management as required, has responsibility for identifying, assessing, treating and monitoring risks and reporting to the Board on risk management.

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

As all current operations are within Australia the Company is not exposed to foreign exchange risk.

Commodity price risk

Given the current level of operations the Company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to movements in market interest rates on cash and cash equivalents. The Company policy is to monitor the interest rate yield curve out to six (6) months to ensure a balance is maintained between the liquidity of cash assets and the interest rate return. The entire balance of cash and bank deposits for the Company of \$1,788,437 (2015: \$1,239,437) is subject to interest rate risk. The weighted average interest rate received on cash and cash equivalents by the Company was 2.22% (2015: 2.16%).

Sensitivity analysis

At 30 June 2016, if interest rates had changed by -/+ 100 basis points from the weighted average rate for the year with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for the Company would have been \$9,334 lower/higher (2015: \$8,335) as a result of lower/higher interest income from cash and cash equivalents.

(b) Credit risk

The Company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the *Statement of Financial Position* and *Notes to the Financial Statements*.

As the Company does not presently have any debtors, lending, significant stock levels or any other credit risk, a formal credit risk management policy is not maintained.

(c) Liquidity risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and ensuring sufficient cash and marketable securities are available to meet the current and future commitments of the Company. Due to the nature of the Company's activities, being mineral exploration, the Company does not have ready access to credit facilities, with the primary source of funding being equity raisings.

The Board constantly monitors the state of equity markets in conjunction with the Company's current and future funding requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required.

The financial liabilities of the Company are generally confined to trade and other payables as disclosed in the *Statement of Financial Position*. All trade and other payables are non-interest bearing and due within 12 months of the reporting date.

(d) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes. All financial assets and financial liabilities of the Company at the balance date are recorded at amounts approximating their carrying amount due to their short-term nature.



4. Income and expenses

(a) Income from continuing operations includes the following revenue items:

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Government grant and incentive(1) | 507,439 | 926,686 |
| Interest income | 27,227 | 36,138 |
| Other | 54,573 | 58 |
| | 589,239 | 962,882 |

The amounts represent Research and Development tax incentive. There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attaching to this incentive. The Company did not benefit directly from any other forms of government assistance.

Loss for the year includes the following specific expenses: (b)

| | 2016 | 2015 | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| | \$ | \$ | |
| Depreciation expenses | 83,893 | 93,450 | |
| Exploration and evaluation expenses | 2,219,306 | 1,284,015 | |
| Employee benefit expenses: | | | |

(c) Er

| 2016 | 2015 |
|---------|------------------------------|
| \$ | \$ |
| 77,358 | 94,811 |
| 64,000 | 64,000 |
| 3,595 | (7,309) |
| 1,343 | 1,865 |
| 146,296 | 153,367 |
| | \$ 77,358 64,000 3,595 1,343 |

5. Operating segments

For management purposes, the Company has identified only one (1) reportable segment as exploration activities undertaken in Australia. This segment includes activities associated with the determination and assessment of the existence of commercial economic reserves from the Company's mineral assets in this geographic location. Segment performance is evaluated based on the operating profit and loss and cash flows and is measured in accordance with the Company's accounting policies.

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|---------|---------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Segment revenue | 50,000 | - |
| Reconciliation of segment revenue to total revenue before tax: | | |
| Government grant and incentive | 507,439 | 926,686 |
| Interest revenue | 27,227 | 36,138 |
| Other income | 4,573 | 58 |
| Total revenue | 589,239 | 962,882 |



| | 2016 \$ | 2015 \$ |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Segment result | (2,169,306) | (1,284,015) |
| Reconciliation of segment result to loss before tax: | | |
| Depreciation expenses | (83,893) | (93,450) |
| Other corporate and administration income/(expenses), net | 3,838 | 482,697 |
| Net profit/(loss) before tax | (2,249,361) | (894,768) |
| Segment operating assets | 9,808 | 81,557 |
| Reconciliation of segment operating assets to total assets: | | |
| Other corporate and administration assets | 2,016,817 | 1,342,301 |
| Total assets | 2,026,625 | 1,423,858 |
| Total assets includes additions to non-current assets | | - |
| Segment operating liabilities | 227,992 | 92,884 |
| Reconciliation of segment operating liabilities to total liabilities: | | |
| Other corporate and administration liabilities | 44,008 | 37,181 |
| Total liabilities | 272,000 | 130,065 |

6. Income tax

| | 2016 \$ | 2015 \$ |
|---|-------------|------------|
| Income tax expense | | |
| Current tax | - | - |
| Deferred tax | - | - |
| Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable | | |
| Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense | (2,249,361) | (895,075) |
| Prima facie tax benefit at the Australian tax rate of 28.5% (2015: 30%) | (641,068) | (268,523) |
| Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income: | | |
| ▼ Capital raising costs | (16,906) | (8,172) |
| ▼ R& D incentive | (144,620) | (278,006) |
| ▼ Entertainment | - | 205 |
| ▼ Share-based payment | 314 | - |
| | (802,280) | (554,496) |
| Movements in unrecognised temporary differences | (43,881) | (20,255) |
| Tax effect of current year tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised | 846,111 | 574,751 |
| Income tax expense | - | - |



| | 2016 \$ | 2015 \$ |
|--|---|---|
| Unrecognised temporary differences | | _ |
| Deferred tax liabilities (at 28.5%) on income tax account (2015: 30%) | | |
| Prepayments | 25,418 | 9,673 |
| Plant and equipment | 2,071 | 26,172 |
| FBT payable | - | 545 |
| DTA used to offset DTL | (27,489) | (36,390) |
| Deferred tax liabilities | - | - |
| Deferred tax assets (at 28.5%) on income tax account (2015: 30%) Accruals Provisions Capital raising costs Carry forward tax losses DTA used to offset DTL | 5,700 3,547 52,720 2,164,598 (27,489) | 8,400 2,217 69,888 1,726,266 (36,390) |
| Birt dised to offset Bit | 2,199,076 | 1,770,381 |
| Deferred tax liabilities (28.5%) | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |

Net deferred tax assets have not been brought to account as it is not probable within the immediate future that tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. The Company's ability to use losses in the future is subject to the Company satisfying the relevant tax authority's criteria for using these losses.

The Company participated in the federal government's 2014/15 Exploration Development Incentive Scheme for eligible exploration entities. There is no financial effect on the Company's taxation position for the current reporting period however carry forward losses will be reduced in future period/s to reflect the exploration credits distributed to eligible shareholders

In 2016, the governance enacted a change in the income tax rate for small business entities from 30% to 28.5%. Breaker Resources NL satisfies the criteria to be a small business entity.

7. Cash and cash equivalents

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Cash at bank and in hand | 657,392 | 1,209,437 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as shown in the Statement of | | |
| Financial Position and the Statement of Cash Flows | 657,392 | 1,209,437 |
| | | |
| Term deposits classified separate to cash on face of Statement of | | |
| Financial Position | 1,131,045 | 30,000 |

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term deposits made for varying periods of between one (1) month and three (3) months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Company and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.



Term deposits separated from cash and cash equivalents as at 30 June 2016 had maturities from four (4) months to six (6) months earning interest income at an average rate of 2.30%.

8. Trade and other receivables

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Prepayments | 89,188 | 32,243 |
| GST receivable and FBT instalment | 59,903 | 19,240 |
| Other receivables | 1,540 | - |
| | 150,631 | 51,483 |

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables are assumed to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

9. Other financial assets

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Bond for office lease | 36,410 | 36,410 |

10. Plant and equipment

| | | 2016 | | | | 2015 | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | Furniture & office equipment | Exploration equipment | Motor vehicles \$ | Total \$ | Furniture & office equipment | Exploration equipment \$ | Motor vehicles \$ | Total \$ |
| Cost | 54,831 | 108,717 | 213,838 | 377,386 | 54,831 | 108,717 | 213,838 | 377,386 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (52,004) | (103,126) | (209,621) | (364,751) | (39,860) | (79,130) | (161,868) | (280,858) |
| Net book amount | 2,827 | 5,591 | 4,217 | 12,635 | 14,971 | 29,587 | 51,970 | 96,528 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Opening net book amount | 14,971 | 29,587 | 51,970 | 96,528 | 28,642 | 56,408 | 104,928 | 189,978 |
| Depreciation charge | (12,144) | (23,996) | (47,753) | (83,893) | (13,671) | (26,821) | (52,958) | (93,450) |
| Closing net book amount | 2,827 | 5,591 | 4,217 | 12,635 | 14,971 | 29,587 | 51,970 | 96,528 |

11. Prepaid service

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|-----------------|--------|------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Prepaid service | 38,512 | - |

During the year, the Company issued 500,000 options to a supplier in exchange of the use of certain intellectual property owned by the supplier for a period of three (3) years. The prepaid service was recognised as a share-based payment and amortised over the agreed period of use of the property.



12. Trade and other payables

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Trade creditors | 239,552 | 94,670 |
| Other payables and accruals | 32,448 | 35,395 |
| | 272,000 | 130,065 |

Trade payables are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. The carrying amounts of trade and other payables are assumed to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

13. Contributed equity

(a) Share capital

| | | 2016 | | 201! | 5 |
|-----------------------------|---------|-------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| | Notes | Number | \$ | Number | \$ |
| Ordinary shares fully paid | (b),(d) | 99,596,129 | 12,345,467 | 68,875,008 | 9,674,875 |
| Ordinary shares partly paid | (b),(d) | 6,886,248 | 68,863 | 6,887,498 | 68,875 |
| Total issued capital | | 106,482,377 | 12,414,330 | 75,762,506 | 9,743,750 |

(b) Movements in ordinary share capital

| | 2016 | | 201 | 5 |
|---|-------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| | Number | \$ | Number | \$ |
| Beginning of the year | 75,762,506 | 9,743,750 | 75,762,503 | 9,743,749 |
| Issued during the year: | | | | |
| Fully paid shares via option exercise | - | - | 3 | 1 |
| Fully paid shares via a pro-rata renounceable entitlement issue | 13,843,875 | 553,755 | - | - |
| Fully paid shares issued in exchange of services | 760,590 | 208,429 | - | - |
| Placement to sophisticated and professional investors | 6,538,426 | 850,000 | - | - |
| Fully paid shares under a Share Purchase Plan | 8,423,133 | 1,095,428 | - | - |
| Fully paid shares issued to a director | 1,153,847 | 150,000 | - | - |
| ▼ Transaction costs | - | (187,032) | - | - |
| End of the year | 106,482,377 | 12,414,330 | 75,762,506 | 9,743,750 |

(c) Movements in options on issue

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|-----------------------|-------------|--------------|
| | Number | Number |
| Beginning of the year | 8,000,000 | 36,537,498 |
| ▼ Issued | 500,000 | - |
| ■ Exercised | - | (3) |
| ■ Expired or lapsed | (6,000,000) | (28,537,495) |
| End of the year | 2,500,000 | 8,000,000 |
| | | |



All options on issue are exercisable on a 1:1 basis for the Company's ordinary shares and carry no rights to dividends and no voting rights. The options are exercisable at prices between \$0.40 and \$0.50 and expire between 31 December 2016 and 30 June 2019.

(d) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one (1) vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one (1) vote, in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. Ordinary shares have no par value and the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

The partly paid ordinary shares have a total issue price of \$0.20 and are paid up to \$0.01. The balance is payable by calls made by the Company no earlier than four (4) years after the date of issue (December 2013). Upon becoming fully paid, each partly paid share will rank equally in all respects with the other issued fully paid shares in the Company.

(e) Capital risk management

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to carry on as a going concern, so that it may continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

Due to the nature of the Company's activities, being mineral exploration, the Company does not have ready access to credit facilities, with the primary source of funding being equity raisings. Therefore, the focus of capital risk management is the current working capital position against the requirements of the Company to meet exploration programs and corporate overheads. The Company's strategy is to ensure appropriate liquidity is maintained to meet anticipated operating requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required.

The working capital position of the Company at 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015 is as follows:

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | <u> </u> | \$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 657,392 | 1,209,437 |
| Term deposits | 1,131,045 | 30,000 |
| Trade and other receivables | 150,631 | 51,483 |
| Other financial assets | 36,410 | 36,410 |
| Trade and other payables | (272,000) | (130,065) |
| Working capital position | 1,703,478 | 1,197,265 |
| | | |

14. Dividends

No dividends were paid during the financial year. No recommendation for payment of dividends has been made.

2015

2016



15. Loss per share

(a) Reconciliation of earnings used in calculating profit/(loss) per share

| | 2010 | 2010 |
|---|-------------|-----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Profit/(Loss) attributable to the owners of the Company | | |
| used in calculating basic and diluted profit/(loss) per share | (2,249,361) | (894,768) |

(b) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|------------|------------|
| | Number | Number |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the | | |
| denominator in calculating basic and diluted loss per share | 80,224,437 | 68,875,006 |

(c) Information on classification of options

As the Company has made a loss for the year ended 30 June 2016, all options on issue are considered antidilutive and have not been included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share. These options could potentially dilute basic earnings per share in the future.

16. Commitments

(a) Exploration Commitments

The Company must maintain current rights of tenure to tenements, which requires outlays of expenditure in 2016/17. Under certain circumstances these commitments are subject to the possibility of adjustment to the amount and/or timing of such obligations however they are expected to be fulfilled in the normal course of operations.

Estimated expenditure on mining, exploration and prospecting leases for 2016/17 as at the date of this report:

| 2016 | 2015 | |
|---------|---------|--|
| \$ | \$ | |
| 792,000 | 905,250 | |

(b) Capital Commitments

There are no capital expenditure commitments for the Company as at 30 June 2016.

(c) Lease Commitments: Company as Lessee

The Company leases its office under a non-cancellable operating lease expiring within one (1) year. The lease contains options to renew terms up to two (2) years commencing on the expiry date. Commitments for minimum lease payments in relation to non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|----------|--------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Within one (1) year | 44,523 | 65,422 |
| Later than one (1) year but not later than five (5) years | <u> </u> | - |
| | 44,523 | 65,422 |



17. Reconciliation of loss after income tax to net cash outflow from operating activities

| | 2016 \$ | 2015 \$ |
|--|-------------|------------|
| Reconciliation of net loss after income tax to net cash flow from operating activities | | Ψ |
| Net profit/(loss) for the year | (2,249,361) | (894,768) |
| Non-cash items | | |
| Depreciation of non-current assets | 83,893 | 93,450 |
| Share-based payments expenses | 209,530 | - |
| Change in operating assets and liabilities | | |
| (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables | (99,148) | 1,767,402 |
| Increase/(decrease)in trade and other payables | 141,935 | (178,888) |
| Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities | (1,913,151) | 787,196 |

18. Share-based payments

(a) Employee share options

The Company provides benefits to employees (including directors) and contractors of the Company in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services in exchange for options to acquire ordinary shares. Options are granted under the plan for no consideration.

The table below summarises the share-based payment options granted by Breaker Resources NL:

| | 2016 | | 201 | 5 |
|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|
| | | Weighted average exercise price | | Weighted average exercise price |
| _ | Number | cents | Number | cents |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | 8,000,000 | 31.5 | 8,400,000 | 32.3 |
| Granted | - | - | - | - |
| Forfeited/cancelled/expired | 6,000,000 | - | 400,000 | - |
| Outstanding at year end | 2,000,000 | 48.9 | 8,000,000 | 31.5 |
| Exercisable at year end | 2,000,000 | 48.9 | 8,000,000 | 31.5 |

A total of 6,000,000 unlisted options held by Directors expired during the year ended 30 June 2016. The weighted average remaining contractual life of share options outstanding at the end of the financial year was 0.5 year (2015: 1.1 years) and the exercise prices ranged from 47.8 cents to 50 cents (2015: 23.1 cents to 50 cents).

The Company changed the exercise prices of some options during the year. The impact on the fair value of the options immediately before and after the modification was insignificant.



(b) Other party options

In addition to options issued to employees, the Company may also issue unlisted options to other parties. The table below summarises the other share-based payment options granted by Breaker Resources NL:

| | 2016 | • | 20° | 15 |
|--|---------|--|--------|--|
| | | Weighted average exercise price | | Weighted average exercise price |
| _ | Number | cents | Number | cents |
| Outstanding at the beginning of the year | - | - | - | - |
| Granted | 500,000 | 40.0 | - | - |
| Forfeited/cancelled/expired | - | - | - | - |
| Outstanding at year end | 500,000 | 40.0 | - | - |
| Exercisable at year end | 500,000 | 40.0 | - | - |

The weighted average fair value of the other party options granted during the year was 7.92 cents (2015: Nil). The fair value of the options was estimated using a Black-Scholes pricing model. Expected volatility was based on the historical movement of the underlying share price around its average share price. The assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

| Inputs into the pricing model | |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Grant date share price | \$0.20 |
| Exercise price | \$0.40 |
| Expected volatility | 85% |
| Option life | 3.08 years |
| Risk-free interest rate | 1.65% |

(c) Share-based payments expenses

During the year, the Company incurred \$209,530 arising from share-based payment transactions (2015: Nil). An amount of \$126,300 was transferred from the share-based payment reserve to accumulated losses as a result of the expiry of 6,000,000 options.

19. Key management personnel transactions

The aggregate compensation made to directors and other members of key management personnel of the Company is set out below:

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|--------------------------|------------|---------|
| | <u></u> \$ | \$ |
| Short term benefits | 599,580 | 627,251 |
| Post-employment benefits | 13,615 | 15,269 |
| | 613,195 | 642,520 |

There were no loans to/from key management personnel during the year. Detailed remuneration disclosures are provided in the Remuneration Report on page 7.



20. Related party transactions

The Company had no transactions with related parties during the year except for payments to the key management personnel disclosed in the Remuneration Report on page 7.

There were no guarantees provided to related parties during the year.

21. Remuneration of auditor

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Company, its related practices and non-related audit firms:

(a) Audit services

| | 2016 \$ | 2015 \$ |
|---|------------|------------|
| Rothsay Chartered Accountants – audit and review of financial reports | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Total remuneration for audit services | 20,000 | 20,000 |

(b) Non-audit services

There were Nil non-audit services provided by the auditor of the Company, Rothsay Chartered Accountants, during the year (2015: Nil).

22. Subsequent events

There were no matters or circumstances arising since the end of the reporting period that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect the operations of the Company and the results of those operations or the state of the affairs of the Company in the financial period subsequent to 30 June 2016.



Directors' Declaration

The directors declare that:

- ▶ the Financial Statements comprising the *Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows* and accompanying notes set out on pages 19 to 36 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth), including:
 - i. complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* (Cth) and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - ii. giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date;
- in the opinion of the directors there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- a statement that the attached financial statements are in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards has been included in the *Notes to the Financial Statements*, and
- ★ the directors have been given the declarations by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth).

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors made pursuant to section 295(5) of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth).

On behalf of the directors

TOM SANDERS

<u>Executive Chairman</u>

Perth, 19 August 2016





Level 1, Lincoln House, 4 Ventnor Avenue, West Perth WA 6005 P.O. Box 8716, Perth Business Centre WA 6849 Phone (08) 9486 7094 www.rothsayresources.com.au

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BREAKER RESOURCES NL

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Breaker Resources NL (the Company') which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2016 and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flow for the period ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

Directors Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This includes responsibility for the maintenance of adequate accounting records and internal controls that are designed to prevent and detect fraud and error, and for the accounting policies and accounting estimates inherent in the financial report.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial report is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate to the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used in and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company, and have met the independence requirements of Australian professional ethical requirements and the *Corporations Act 2001*.







Audit opinion

In our opinion the financial report of Breaker Resources NL is in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:

- a) (i) giving a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the period ended on that date; and
 (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001;
- b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the remuneration report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2016. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Audit opinion

In our opinion the remuneration report of Breaker Resources NL for the year ended 30 June 2016 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Rothsay Auditing

Rolf Garda

Partner Dated 19 August 2016



Liability Limited by the Accountants Scheme, approved under the Professional Standards Act 1994 (NSW).